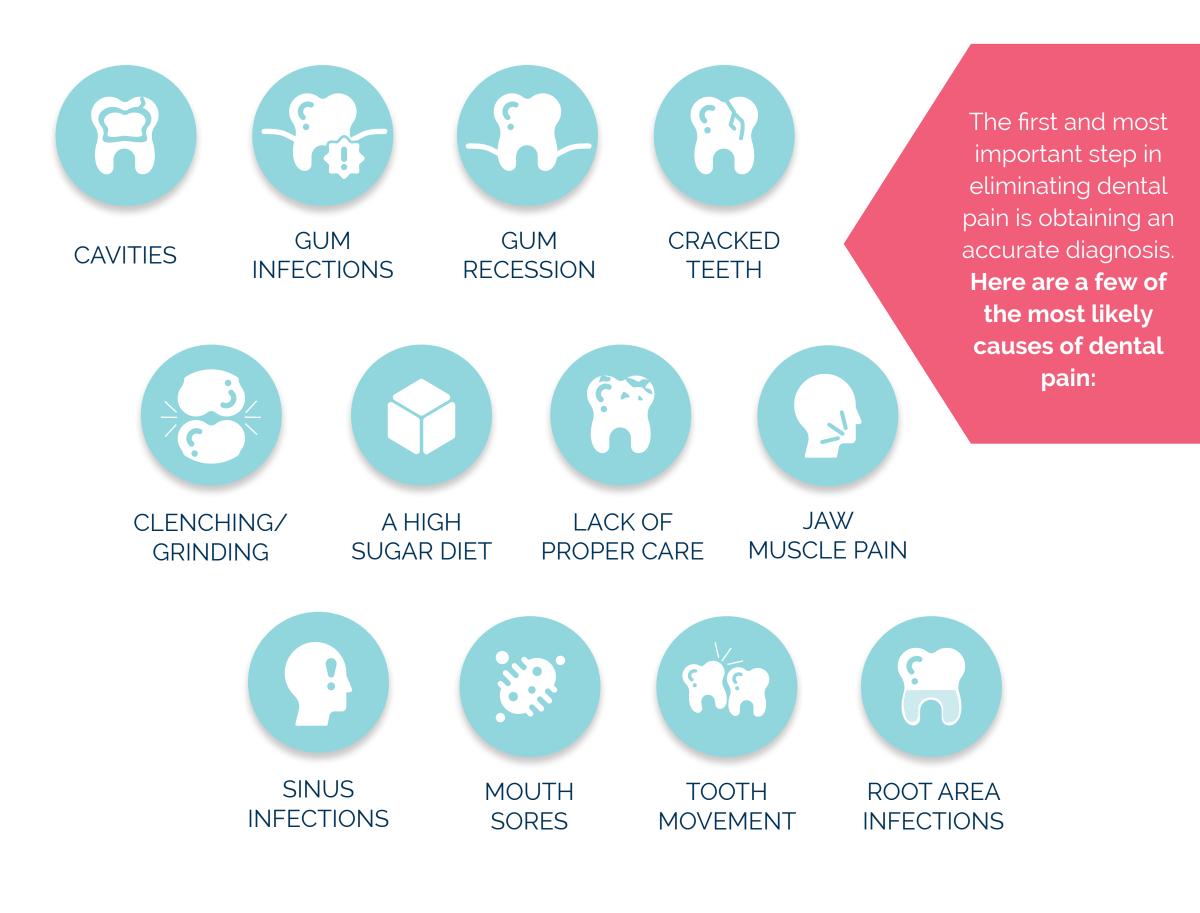


# **DENTAL PAIN** WHEN ENOUGH, IS ENOUGH!

Dental pain is commonly called a toothache. While there are sources of pain in the mouth that do not specifically involve your teeth, most are often the result of a dental disease. An infection that causes inflammation inside the tooth chamber may cause severe, sharp, shooting pain While an **infection** or with **sensitivity** to hot and/ inflammation around or cold temperatures. the tooth's roots typically causes a more **dull**, aching type of pain that will be aggravated by

> WHAT ARE COMMON CAUSES **OF TOOTHACHES?**

chewing.



# **NEVER ATTEMPT TREATING DENTAL PAIN ON YOUR OWN**

This includes attempts at extracting a tooth, filling a cavity, or draining an abscess. Attempting these treatments on your own can put you at risk for serious infection! Dental problems like cavities, cracked teeth, and gum infections do not fix themselves, and will only get worse without proper treatment.

### HOW CAN I EASE **MY SYMPTOMS AT HOME?**

While waiting for your dental appointment, here are some ways to find temporary relief.



PAIN RELIEVERS

Most people find temporary relief in painkillers like Tylenol and Advil. Make sure to take only as directed.



#### **OVER-THE-COUNTER** TOOTHACHE MEDICATION

If you have a large cavity, you can try a tooth numbing medication directly into the problem area. Look for the ingredient Eugenol.



SALT WATER RINSES

Warm salt water has been proven to reduce inflammation. This is particularly useful in reducing the irritation of gum infections and dental abscesses.



A SOFT DIET

When the cause of your toothache involves inflammation at the tooth's root, chewing will intensify your pain. A soft diet will reduce continued injury as you heal.

#### WHEN IS MY PAIN AN EMERGENCY?

Any time you are experiencing dental pain you should plan to see your dentist for an accurate diagnosis. If you experience any of these more serious symptoms, you should seek urgent care immediately.

- Swelling In The Mouth, Face, And/Or Neck
- Visible Pus Draining In The Mouth, Face And/Or Neck
- Swollen Lymph Nodes Near An Infected Tooth
- Inability To Open And Close Your Mouth Normally
- Trauma To An Area Of The Mouth With Bleeding
- Trauma With A Broken Or **Dislodged Tooth**
- Fever

### WHAT SHOULD I TELL MY DENTIST?

An accurate diagnosis is the first, and most important step in dealing with dental pain. Your dentist will likely use a helpful mnemonic device called SOCRATES. Communicate clearly and honestly to ensure an accurate diagnosis and timely treatment.





#### WHAT ARE THE TREATMENTS **FOR DENTAL PAIN?**

Once your dentist has determined the underlying source of your pain, he or she will recommend dental procedures to treat your condition and relieve your discomfort.



## **DENTAL PAIN: YOUR NEXT STEPS**

If you are suffering from dental pain, do not put off your next dental visit! It takes both you and your dentist working together to stop dental problems from developing. While this does take some time and effort, regular treatment can save you the pain of a toothache in the future.

Schedule an appointment for diagnosis and treatment of your dental pain today.



WANT TO KNOW MORE? GET IN TOUCH! (512) 260-0111 | LeanderDental.com

